

COLIBRICK A/D CONVERTER

Clarity Hardware

ENG

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To facilitate the orientation in the **Colibrick A/D Converter** manual and **Clarity** chromatography station, different fonts are used throughout the manual. Meanings of these fonts are:

Open File (italics) describes the commands and names of fields in **Clarity**, parameters that can be entered into them or a window or dialog name.

WORK1 (capitals) indicates the name of the file and/or directory.

ACTIVE (capital italics) marks the state of the station or its part.

Chromatogram (blue underlined) marks clickable links referring to related chapters.

The bold text is sometimes also used for important parts of the text and the name of the **Clarity** station. Moreover, some sections are written in format other than normal text. These sections are formatted as follows:

Note:	Notifies the reader of relevant information.
Caution:	Warns the user of possibly dangerous or very important information.

Marks the problem statement or trouble question.

Description: Presents more detailed information on the problem, describes its causes, etc.

Solution: Marks the response to the question, presents a procedure how to remove it.

1 Colibrick acquisition device

This manual describes the use of the Colibrick A/D Converter with the Clarity software ver. 4.0 and newer.

Colibrick is an external 24-bit A/D converter that measures the voltages of chromatographic and electrochemical detectors. It is designed for acquisition of data from any chromatograph for the **Clarity** station. **Colibrick** uses the **USB** communication channel and thus is directly powered from the **PC**. The unit can be connected or disconnected anytime without the need to switch the computer off.

Note: When connected to a laptop, common USB C - USB A cables cannot be used, a "Power Delivery" cable is required or use a USB-C - UCB-A hub.



Fig. 1: Colibrick A/D Converter

Brief technical overview

- 1, 2 or 4 data acquisition channels completely independent and isolated from the USB ground.
- 4 digital inputs with status indication by LED.
- 8 digital outputs, 4 of them also designed as relay contacts, each has its status indicated by LED.
- USB interface.
- Excellent reliability and temperature stability.

1.1 Front panel of the Colibrick device

The front panel contains LED indicators indicating the status of the device.



Fig. 2: Front panel of the Colibrick

Ready (orange) LED status

Indicates correct installation.

Data (blue) LED status

Indicates connection to the chromatography data station.

Digital Input (green) LEDs status

LED ON - the input status is High (logical "1") or not connected.

LED OFF - the input status is Low (logical "0") or connected to the ground (GND).

Digital Output (red) LEDs status

LED ON - the output status is High (logical "1"), the relay contact is opened.

LED OFF - the output status is Low (logical "0"), the relay contact is closed.

Note: The above mentioned is valid if the device is used within the specifications stated in Colibrick A/D Converter datasheet.

1.2 Rear panel of the Colibrick device

The rear panel contains the **USB** connector for connecting to the **PC** and the **INT7 compatible connector** for connecting to the chromatograph.



Fig. 3: Rear panel of the Colibrick

1.3 A/D converter types in general

Prior to collecting and processing the chromatographic signal by a computer, the analog signal of the detector must be first converted to a digital form by an analog/digital (A/D) converter.

In principle there are three types of A/D converters – sampling, integrating and $\Delta\Sigma$ (**Delta-Sigma** - with continuous integration).

The **Colibrick** converter uses Delta-Sigma integration.

Advantages of the Colibrick A/D converter

• No loss of input signal during integration. There are no time delays during which the converter fails to integrate the input signal.

- No continuous servicing of the input analog switches, which would otherwise cause errors (offset, noise).
- Substantially smaller amounts of data entering the computer due to individual data items already representing partial integrals.
- Parameters generally based on the INT9 A/D cards.

2 Requirements

The **Colibrick** external **USB A/D Converter** can be used with the **Clarity** software installed on PC using the OS described in the following table.

The PC must have a free **USB** slot.

Note: When connected to a laptop, common USB C - USB A cables cannot be used, a "Power Delivery" cable is required or use a USB-C - UCB-A hub.

Cofficience	Windows					
Software	11	10*	8.1*	7 ^{SP1} *		
Clarity	Yes (from 8.7)	Yes (from 6.2)	Yes (from 4.0.3)	Yes (from 4.0)		
Clarity Lite	Yes (from 8.7)	Yes (from 6.2)	Yes (from 4.0.3)	Yes (from 4.0)		

Tab. 1: Hardware and Software Compatibility

* Both 32 and 64-bit version are supported.

Tab. 2: Hardware and Software Compatibility with obsolete Windows OS:

	Wind	Windows		
Software	Vista ^{SP2} (32 and 64-bit)	XP ^{SP3}		
Clarity	Yes	Yes		
Clarity	(from 4.0 to 7.2)	(from 4.0 to 7.4.1)		
Clarity Lita	Yes	Yes		
Clarity Lite	(from 4.0 to 7.2)	(from 4.0 to 7.4.1)		

3 Installation

Ensure that you have *Administrator* access rights in your **Windows OS** before you proceed with the installation.

3.1 The Colibrick device

• Install the Clarity software.

Caution: Install Clarity before inputting any devices.

The drivers were copied to your computer and installed automatically during the installation of the **Clarity** software.

Note: The **Colibrick** device is detected by its S/N. If you later replace one by another, it is also necessary to reconfigure it in the **Clarity** System Configuration dialog.

3.2 Standard cable for Clarity station



Fig. 4: Cables for the Clarity station package

The standard **Clarity** station package includes a cable set composed of signal, starting and digital output cables for connecting the **Clarity** to the chromatograph and an **USB** cable for connecting the **Colibrick** to the computer.

Signal cables

The cables, labeled "**DET1**" to "**DET4**"(according to the number of channels), are supplied as standard without connectors only with stripped, tinned endings - red/brown (+), white (-) and shielding (analog ground).

• Starting (marker) cables

The cables, labeled "**IN1**" to "**IN4**"(according to the number of channels), are ended with a RCA connector. Each starting cable has one cable with free leads [red (+), shielding (digital ground)] for direct connection to the chromatograph or to a valve and one cable ended with a button for those cases where there is not a starting contact available and it is necessary to perform a manual start.

• Digital output cables

Relay contacts, labeled **"OUT 1R**" to **"OUT 4R**" (according to the number of channels), are ended with free leads. They are used for synchronizing autosamplers in the active sequence without an AS Control module.

• At the **Colibrick** end, the cable ends on a female CANNON SUB D 37-pin connector.

3.3 Connection with chromatograph

Connect the cables according to one of the following diagrams in the **Fig. 5** on pg. **6**. Use a <u>symmetrical</u> <u>connection</u> only if you are sure that the chromatograph/detector is equipped with a symmetrical output – it is necessary to read through the instructions for the corresponding chromatograph.

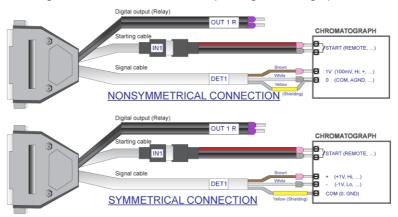


Fig. 5: Connecting Clarity to chromatograph

Note: Since INT7 converter all DataApex A/D converters use the same standard INT7 Connector. A description of the INT7 connector can be found in the chapter "Tables and specifications" on pg. 39.

3.3.1 Connection of signal cables

Signal inputs of the **Colibrick** are symmetrical: + (red/brown), - (white), shielding (= analog ground/copper braiding) (yellow).

Caution: The shielding must be connected. It works not only as the shielding, but also as the analog ground against which the measurement takes place. In the case of asymmetrical output of a detector (only two leads/terminals/pins/screws), the shielding must be connected to the white lead! No lead of the signal cable may remain unconnected.

Try to connect to the detector output of the chromatograph with the largest possible level of signal, usually indicated as **INTEGRATOR** (signal approx. 1 V). The level of the signal on the output marked **RECORDER** is only about 10 mV. For easier

modification of the wiring, we supply a ${\bf SV9}$ Terminal board (p/n SV9) with screw contacts.

Note: This **SV9 Terminal Board** is not suitable for applications with small signals or with high electromagnetic interference. This is because the **SV9 Terminal Board** uses leads and screw contacts that are not shielded.

3.3.2 Connection of starting cables

Starting input reacts to a change of the TTL logical level (5 V/ 0 V) or to an external event. This event can be created by any suitable device such as button or relay.

The input implicitly reacts to a change from *HIGH* to *LOW* (or contact closure). The input function may be changed by switching the *Down* item to *Up* in the *External Start/Stop* section of the *Method Setup* - *Measurement* dialog (accessible from the *Instrument* window using the *Method* - *Measurement* command).

For schemes and hints describing the typical autosampler wiring, please see the **Connecting Autosamplers** chapter of the **Getting Started Manual**.

3.4 Clarity Configuration

Note:brick Please note there is no System Configuration window in Clarity Lite. Clarity Lite will use the first A/D converter detected and assign a predefined configuration file for it.

System Configuration			— D X
Setup Co	ontrol Modules	Number of	Instruments: 4
Name AS AS Coloride - 1 A Coloride - 1 A Coloride - 2 Balance Balance Thermostat Valve Fraction Collector Capillary Electrophoresis Auxiliary	Used S/N 5933 Instrument 1 Instrument 1	Instrument 1 I	strument 2 Instrument 3 Instrument 4
Add Remove	About Setup	Data Inputs & Outputs Ext. Start Dig. Input: Ready Dig. Output: Miscelaneous Settings Units Setup	Device Number Colbrick I Colbrick I Method Options OK Cancel Help
	Installed Only	Filter: All v colibrid	2
Name A S AS LC GC Detector	Status Vendor	Comment	Module Info
Control Con		< AD Converter.	Help

Fig. 6: System Configuration

- Start the **Clarity** station with the **A** icon on the desktop.
- Invoke the System Configuration dialog using the System Configuration...
 command or via 2 icon.
- Press the *Add* button ① (See **Fig. 6** on pg. **9**.) to invoke the *Available Control Modules* dialog.
- You can specify the searching filter 2 to simplify the finding of the driver.
- Select the **Colibrick** and press the Add 3 button.

The DataApex Colibrick Setup dialog will appear.

Device:	Colibrick (Seri	al No: 5933)	~			
Channel 1						
Name	Colibrick - 1		Inversion of Signal	🖂 Bipolar		Synchronize Start with Digital Input
		Quantity:	Voltage	Units:	mV	Digital Input 1 $$ $$ $$ $$
Set Uni	ts	Offset: Coefficient:	0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Autoprefix:	Yes	
Channel 2						
Name	Colibrick - 2		Inversion of Signal	🗹 Bipolar		Synchronize Start with Digital Input
		Quantity:	Voltage	Units:	mV	Digital Input 1 🗸 🗸
Set Uni	ts	Offset: Coefficient:	0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Autoprefix:	Yes	
Channel 3						
Name	Colibrick - 3		Inversion of Signal	💟 Bipolar		Synchronize Start with Digital Input
		Quantity:	Voltage	Units:	mV	Digital Input 1 $$ $$ $$
Set Uni	ts	Offset: Coefficient:	0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Autoprefix:	Yes	
Channel 4						
Name	Colibrick - 4		Inversion of Signal	💟 Bipolar		Synchronize Start with Digital Input
Set Uni	te	Quantity: Offset:	Voltage 0 mV	Units: Autoprefix:	mV Yes	Digital Input 1
occon.		Coefficient:	1mV/1mV	natoprensi	100	
			Device Setup			Supply Frequency
			Digital Input Names	Change		Supply requirey
			Digital Output Names	Change		○ 60 Hz

Fig. 7: DataApex Colibrick Setup

- Enter the detector names in *Name* fields for individual channels, set signal units.
- *Note:* A detailed description of this dialog can be found in the chapter **"DataApex Colibrick Setup"** on pg. **14**.
 - Press the OK button.

The **Colibrick** will appear in the *Setup Control Modules* list ④ of the *System Configuration* dialog.

- Drag and drop the Colibrick icon from the Setup Control Modules list ④ on the left side of the System Configuration dialog to the chosen Instrument ⑤ tab on the right side ⑥ (or use the -> button ⑦ to do so).
- Set the *Ext. Start Dig. Input* and *Ready Dig. Output* numbers (3) for your acquisition device according to the wires being used for the Start synchronization.
- *Note:* A detailed description and configuration of this functions can be found in the **Reference guide** and **Getting Started** manuals.

Note: The configuration dialog of the **Colibrick** device (<u>DataApex Colibrick Setup</u>) can be displayed any time by double-clicking on its icon or using the *Setup* button.

3.4.1 Measuring on multiple instruments

Clarity allows to measure on multiple Instruments using a single Colibrick device, see Fig. 8 on pg. 11. After you add the Colibrick to the Setup Control Modules list, select an Instrument you wish to use ① and drag the individual detector signal - FID ② to the selected Instrument ③ . Then switch to another Instrument ④ , select the UV-VIS signal ④ and drag it to another Instrument. The Instrument to which the particular signal is connected is listed to the right (② and ⑤) of the detector name in the Setup Control Modules section.

System Configuration				- D >	<
Setup Control Modules	5N 5933	1	of Instruments: 2 instruments: 2 instruments: 2 instrument 2 instrument 2 instrument 7 pe GC instrument 7 pe	Instrument 4	
Add Remove About	<	Data Inputs & Outp Ext. Start Dig. Input Ready Dig. Output: Miscellaneous Settin Units Set	Data Inputs & Outputs Ext. Start Dig. Input: Ready Dig. Output: Miscelaneous Settings Units Setup	Device Colbrick Colbrick Meti	Number 2 v 2 v

Fig. 8: System Configuration – multiple instruments

- *Note:* Each independent **Clarity Instrument** must have separate *Ext. Start Dig. Input* and *Ready Dig. Output* pins configured according to the actual wiring.
- *Note:* More Instruments (more than the amount purchased) can be set . You will not be able to measure on the surplus Instruments (indicated by a blue symbol of the curve on the tab), but you may use them e.g. for "offline" preparation of methods.

3.4.2 Using multiple Colibrick converters

When using multiple **Colibricks**, after plugging the device into a USB port, the device will be detected automatically. After that, please, repeat the **Colibrick** configuration in **Clarity** described in the chapter "**Clarity Configuration**" on pg. 8.

System Configuration	– O X
Setup Control Modules	Number of Instruments: 4
Name N Used S/N AS LC GC Detector A. Colbrick - 1 A. Colbrick - 1 A. Colbrick - 3 A. Colbrick - 3 A. Colbrick - 4 J. Instrument 1 J. Colbrick - 3 J. Instrument 1 J. Colbrick - 5 J. Instrument 1 J. Colbrick - 5 J. Instrument 1 J. Colbrick - 6 J. Instrument 1 J. Colbrick - 7 J. Strument 1 J. Colbrick - 7 J. Instrument 1 J. Colbrick - 8 J. J. Colbrick - 8 J.	<pre> Instrument 1 Instrument 2 Instrument 3 Instrument 4 Name Instrument 1 Instrument Type LC</pre>
Add Remove About Setup	OK Cancel Help

Fig. 9: System Configuration – multiple Colibricks

Individual converters can be assigned to multiple Instruments and combined together arbitrarily. In the example described in **Fig. 9** on pg. **13**., all signals from **Colibrick 1**, as well as all signals from **Colibrick 2** are assigned to the *Instrument 1*.

Where there are several converters assigned to the same Instrument, it is necessary to select which converter will be used for *Ext. Start Dig. Input* and *Ready Dig. Output* signals ①.

All added A/D converters (e.g. **Colibrick**) must have their drivers properly installed. There must be a correct number of items in the Windows OS *Device Manager*, otherwise you will not be able to add it in the *System Configuration* dialog and configure its detectors to Instruments.

Note: A maximum of four **Colibrick** converters can be configured and used in **Clarity** simultaneously.

4 Using the Colibrick

There are generally two places for setting the parameters of the **Colibrick A/D Converter** in **Clarity**:

- The <u>DataApex Colibrick Setup</u> dialog for setting the parameters that are set with respect to the type of connected signal.
- The *Method Setup Acquisition* tab for setting the parameters related to the type of analysis.

4.1 DataApex Colibrick Setup Valuesian

The *DataApex Colibrick Setup* dialog is accessible from the <u>System Configuration</u> dialog. The *DataApex Colibrick Setup* dialog sets the parameters of the **Colibrick** converter and since it depends on the type of connected signal, it is not going to be changed often.

1 Quantity: Offset: Coefficient: 2 Quantity: Offset: Coefficient: 3 Quantity:	Inversion of Signal Voltage OnV InV/1mV Inversion of Signal Voltage OnV InV/1mV Inv/1mV Inversion of Signal	Bipolar Units: Autoprefix: Bipolar Units: Autoprefix:	mV Yes mV Yes	Synchronize Start with Digital Input Digital Input 1
Quantity: Offset: Coefficient: 2 Quantity: Offset: Coefficient: 3	Voltage 0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV Inversion of Signal Voltage 0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Units: Autoprefix: Bipolar Units: Autoprefix:	Yes mV	Digital Input 1
Quantity: Coefficient: Quantity: Offset: Coefficient:	0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV Inversion of Signal Voltage 0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Autoprefix: Bipolar Units: Autoprefix:	Yes mV	Synchronize Start with Digital Input
Quantity: Offset: Coefficient:	Voltage OmV 1mV/1mV	Units: Autoprefix:		
Quantity: Offset: Coefficient:	Voltage OmV 1mV/1mV	Units: Autoprefix:		
Offset: Coefficient:	0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Autoprefix:		радна ифр. 1 — V
	Inversion of Signal	Binolar		
	Inversion of Signal	Binolar		
Outpotiture		_ opoidi		Synchronize Start with Digital Input
Offset: Coefficient:	Voltage 0 mV 1 mV / 1 mV	Units: Autoprefix:	mV Yes	Digital Input 1
4 Quantity: Offset:	Inversion of Signal Voltage 0 mV	Bipolar Units: Autoprefix:	mV Yes	Synchronize Start with Digital Input Digital Input 1
Coefficient:	1 <i>mV/1mV</i>			
	Device Setup Digital Input Names	Change		Supply Frequency
	Digital Output Names	Change		0 60 Hz
	Coefficient: 4 Quantity: Offset: Coefficient:	Coefficient: 1mV/1mV 4 Inversion of Signal Quantity: Voltage Offset: 0mV Coefficient: 1mV/1mV Device Setup Digital Input Names	Coefficient: 1 mV/1 mV 4 Inversion of Signal Quantity: Voltage Offset: 0 mV Autoprefix: Coefficient: Device Setup Digital Input Names Change	Coefficient: 1mV/1mV 4 Inversion of Signal Bipolar Quantity: Koltage Units: mV Offset: 0mV Autoprefix: Yes Coefficient: 1mV/1mV Device Setup Digital Input Names Change

Fig. 10: DataApex Colibrick Setup

Device

Shows the serial number of selected **Colibrick**. If more than one **Colibrick** converter is attached to the PC, this field defines which **Colibrick** will be added and configured first or, in case of removing one **Colibrick** from the configuration, for specifying which one is still connected.

Channel 1 (to 4)

For each channel of the **Colibrick A/D Converter** the name of the signal can be edited in the *Name* field and the *Set Units...* button can be used to change other signal parameters. Effects of these changes can be seen in other fields of the respective *Channel 1 (2) section*.

Name

This field will be used to describe the signal in the *Chromatogram* window.

Inversion of Signal

Inverts the polarity of the signal from the detector. This function can also be used for easy correction of inversely connected wires.

Bipolar

Both positive and negative voltages will be measured. Unchecking the *Bipolar* option will improve the resolution of the signal by 1 bit. On the other hand, it will also restrict the measuring of negative signals (i.e. below zero).

Set Units...

Invokes the *Detector Units* dialog that can be used for converting the voltage measured by **Colibrick** to the units of the detector. Such units will then be shown throughout **Clarity** instead of default mV. Setting is specific for each **Colibrick** channel (signal).

Detector Units			×
Quantity	Voltage	Units m 🗸	V
Offset	0 mV	🗹 Autoprefix	
Coefficient	1 mV / 1 mV		
	DK Cancel	Default Units	Help

Fig. 11: Detector Units

- **Quantity** Field for entering a name for the y-axis in the graph of the measured signal.
- Units Field for entering the unit symbol, along with the prefix.
- Offset Designed to be used when actual zero value is represented by non-zero analog output. It describes what value should be deducted from measured value to receive the real value i.e., when actual zero of the detector is represented by 500 mV output signal, *Offset* should be set as 500 mV.
- Coefficient Allows you to enter the coefficient between the selected units and mV (default).
- Autoprefix Allows you to enter the unit prefix. In the graphs units will be scaled automatically, while in the tables units with the prefix entered will be used.

Synchronize Start with Digital Input

Maps the **Colibrick A/D Converter** channel to selected *External Start Digital Input*. It enables a faster and more accurate synchronization of channels with the start signal. Especially for short analyses the necessary time delays at the start of the acquisition are significant. When measuring multi-detector chromatograms it will minimize the time shift between detector signals and thus improve the detection of peaks.

Note: Synchronize Start with Digital Input reflects the settings of the Contact Closure/Opening of the External Start/Stop option in the Method Setup - Measurement dialog.

Caution: Turn this function *ON* only in case one of the digital inputs of the configured **Colibrick** is also set in the *Ext. Start Dig. Input* option in the <u>System Configuration</u> dialog.

Device Setup

This section allows to modify the naming of digital inputs and outputs and change the Mains Supply Frequency Suppression settings.

Digital Input Names

Allows to change the names of digital inputs.

Digital Input I	Vames	×
Input no.	Descriptions:	
1	Digital Input 1	
2	Digital Input 2	
3	Digital Input 3	
4	Digital Input 4	
ОК	Cancel Help	

Fig. 12: Digital Input Names

Digital Output Names

Allows to change the names of digital outputs. These names will be used in the *Digital Output Control* dialog in the chapter "Digital Inputs and Outputs" on pg. 22.

Digital Output Names			
Output no.	Descriptions:		
2	Digital Output 2		
3	Digital Output 3		
4	Digital Output 4 Digital Output 5	-	
6	Digital Output 6		
7	Digital Output 7		
8	Digital Output 8		
ОК	Cancel Help		

Fig. 13: Digital Output Names

Supply Frequency

Allows to change the Mains Supply Frequency Suppression. It is used for suppressing the interference on the specified frequency level. This setting influences the sampling frequency as well.

Note: In the most parts of the Americas, the 60 Hz Mains frequency is usual, while the rest of the world tends to use the 50 Hz Mains frequency (pre-set as default). The 50 Hz frequency is common in countries using 230 V power supply, while the 60 Hz is connected to the 117 V power supply.

4.2 Method Setup

Parameters of the *Method Setup – Acquisition* and *Method Setup – Measurement* dialogs depend on the type of analysis (measuring conditions), so they can be specific for various types of analyses. This is the reason for them to be a part of the method. The *Method Setup* dialogs are accessible from the *Instrument* window using the *Method* command.

Caution: The parameters cannot be changed during analysis.

4.2.1 Method Setup - Acquisition

Method Setup Default1 - #2; 21.0	04.2023 11:37:46	– 🗆 X
	e as Report setup Audit trail Send	Method by Help
Select Detector Coli	brick - 1 🗸 🗸 Enabled	
Method Properties	Colibrick Detector Method	
Range 1250 n Sample Rate 12.5 H		
Configuration: Bipolar		
Offset: 0 mV		
Det Status Ready		Det Status
Event Table Measurement Acqu	isition Integration Calculation Advanced	
GK Cancel		Send Method

Fig. 14: Method Setup - Acquisition (Colibrick)

Select Detector

Selects the detector whose parameters are set. If there is only one detector (channel) configured on the **Clarity** Instrument, this control is not accessible.

Range

Selects the input voltage range (in mV). The selected range corresponds to the maximum output voltage of the detector that the A/D converter can still process. In case the detector unit conversion is set in <u>Detector Units</u> dialog, the range will be shown in detector units according to the conversion, while the corresponding original range in mV will be shown next to the field.

Available ranges for Colibrick converter are 156.26, 1250 and 12123 mV.

Note: When in Data Acquisition window the detector range exceeds the tolerance limit by \pm 1.285%, the string OVER will be displayed.

Sample Rate

Depending on *Supply Frequency* filter selected in the *System Configuration* – DataApex Colibrick Setup dialog, see the chapter "DataApex Colibrick Setup" on pg. 14. The available sampling rates are 6.25, 12.5, 25, 50, 100, 200 and 400 samples per second (for 50 Hz supply frequency filter) or 7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240 and 480 samples per second (for 60 Hz supply frequency filter).

Higher sampling rate allows for the measurement of narrower peaks, but it also means a larger amount of data which affects the size of the resulting chromatogram and the speed of its processing.

Sample rate sufficient for successful peak detection is about 20 samples per narrowest peak.

A higher sampling rate also increases the amount of noise and you need to set the *Peak Width* parameter accordingly in the **Integration Table** on the *Method Setup - Integration* tab.

Note: Range and Sampling Rate are set individually for each detector.

Det Status...

Displays the <u>Hardware Configuration</u> dialog.

Offset

Displays detector's offset set in *System Configuration* – <u>DataApex Colibrick Setup</u>. It is displayed only when offset is different than default value (0 V).

4.2.2 Method Setup - Measurement

Method Setup Default1 - #3; 02.06.2023 15:11:39			\times
New Open Save Save as Report setup Audit trail Send method by Help			
Common for all detectors			
Method Description			
Test method for Instrument 1	itostop		
Column Run Time:			
Mobile Phase			
Flow Rate	[min]		
Pressure			
Pressure			
Detection Creation	Start/Stop		
Temperature O Start Or	nly		
🔾 Start - F	Restart		
Note Start - S	Stop		
		£	
O Down		£	
Event Table Measurement Acquisition Integration Calculation Advanced			
R OK Cancel		Send Meth	hod

Fig. 15: Method Setup - Measurement

External Start/Stop

Enables control from an external signal.

Note: The input used for an external start from a chromatograph can be set in the *System Configuration* dialog, see **Fig. 6** on pg. **9**.

Start Only

The external signal only starts an analysis. Triggering the input will not influence the acquisition in progress.

Start - Restart

The external signal terminates the analysis in progress and at the same time starts a new one. The first signal starts the analysis; the second signal terminates it and at the same time starts a new one - the so-called continuous measurement.

Start - Stop

The external signal starts and stops an analysis. The first signal starts the analysis; the second signal stops it.

Down

The station reacts to changes in voltage in relevant controlling input from high (> 3 V) to low (< 0.7 V), or to contacts closed in the relay.

Up

The station reacts to changes in voltage in relevant controlling input from low (< 0.7 V) to high (> 3 V), or to contacts opened in the relay.

4.2.3 Hardware Configuration

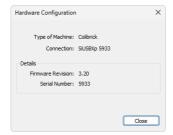


Fig. 16: Hardware Configuration

This dialog is invoked by pressing the *Det Status*... button in the <u>Method Setup -</u> <u>Acquisition</u> dialog. *Hardware Configuration* dialog displays the connection and the details of the connected and selected Colibrick - its firmware revision and serial number.

4.3 Digital Inputs and Outputs

The **Colibrick A/D Converter** is equipped with eight **digital TTL outputs** and four of them are also designed as relay contacts.

Digital O	utputs of Colib	orick (SN:5933)		×
Output no.	Initial State:	Current State:	Descriptions:	
1	•~	•~	Digital Output 1	
2	•~	•~	Digital Output 2	
3	•~	•~	Digital Output 3	
4	•~	•~	Digital Output 4	
5			Digital Output 5	
6			Digital Output 6	
7			Digital Output 7	
8			Digital Output 8	
			Close Help	

Fig. 17: Digital outputs of Colibrick

These outputs can be controlled from the following places in Clarity:

Standard assignment of external *Ext. Start Dig. Input* and *Ready Dig. Output* can be changed in the <u>System Configuration</u> dialog - ③ in the Fig. 6 on pg.
 9.

Note: The assigned input and output is then automatically used in the *ACTIVE* sequence for synchronization with the autosampler or injection valve.

- Digital Outputs of Colibrick dialog accessible from the Clarity window
- The Device Monitor window accessible from the Instrument window
- The *Event Table* dialog accessible from the *Instrument* window using the *Method* command

4.4 Device Monitor

The *Device Monitor* window can be invoked by the *Monitor - Device Monitor* command from the *Instrument* window or using the **Device Monitor** icon. It displays the states of digital inputs and enables the user to monitor and change the states of digital outputs.

ile C	o <u>n</u> trol <u>)</u>	/iew <u>W</u> indow	Help	1		iii (2) = (5) [2]	
🛇 Col	ibrick SN	5933					Ready (
Input no.	Current State:	Descript	ions:	Output no.	Current State:	Descriptions:	
1	•	Digital Input 1		1	•~-	Digital Output 1	
2	•	Digital Input 2		2	•	Digital Output 2	
3	•	Digital Input 3		3	•	Digital Output 3	
4	•	Digital Input 4		4	•	Digital Output 4	
5				5	•	Digital Output 5	
6				6	•	Digital Output 6	
7				7	•	Digital Output 7	
8				8	•	Digital Output 8	_

Fig. 18: Device Monitor - Colibrick

Input no.

Lists the numbers of individual inputs.

Current State

Indicates the current status of the particular input. Green light corresponds to logical one (*HIGH*), light switched off (gray icon) to logical zero (*LOW*).

Descriptions

Shows the description indicating the meaning of individual input. The names of all digital inputs can be set in the <u>DataApex Colibrick Setup</u> dialog.

Output no.

Lists the numbers of individual outputs.

Current State

Indicates the current status of the particular output which also works as relays. Green light corresponds to logical one (HIGH), light switched off (gray icon) to logical zero (LOW). The state of any output can be changed by clicking on the *Current State* button of the particular output.

Descriptions

Shows the description indicating the meaning of individual output. The names of all digital outputs can be set in the DataApex Colibrick Setup dialog.

5 Troubleshooting

If you do not find an answer for your problem here, use the www.dataapex.com website where the Support menu will allow you to navigate through the frequently asked questions (FAQ), the **Clarity** email conference archive or contact to **DataApex** helpdesk.

5.1 Locate your problem

When troubles occur, the fastest way to find a solution is to search for it in the following index via the **Dialogs**, the window in which the problem occurred, **Error Messages** that appear or according to the used **Hardware**. The name of the window is visible in its header.

Note: Names of individual **Clarity Instruments** appear in the header instead of the common term "Instrument".

Tab. 3: List of windows and dialogs

Windows and Dialogs	
Clarity	pg. 32 .
Data Acquisition	pg. 34 ., pg. 35 ., pg. 36 ., pg. 37 ., pg. 38 .
Instrument	pg. 32 .
Method Setup	pg. 32 .
Sequence	pg. 32 .
Single Analysis	pg. 32 .
System Configuration	pg. 32 ., pg. 34 ., pg. 25 .

Tab. 4: List of Error messages

Error Messages		
Cannot establish communication with Colibrick detector X	pg. 25 .	
DataApex Colibrick (SN XX) Device not found	pg. 25 .	
Disabled (in the status line)	pg. 32 .	
Simulated (in Data Acquisition)	pg. 34 .	

Note: To find solutions for Error Messages not listed above, check the **Clarity Getting Started** Guide or visit our web pages www.dataapex.com.

5.2 Problems with Colibrick

The most common problems with **Colibrick** are problems with its driver. They are generally indicated by following symptoms:

- Blinking LEDs of the Colibrick.
- Colibrick cannot be added to the Setup Control Modules in the System Configuration dialog.
- Clarity will issue an Error Message "Cannot establish communication with DataApex Colibrick" when opening the *Instrument* window.
- Double-clicking on the device will not invoke the <u>DataApex Colibrick Setup</u> dialog.
- **Clarity** will issue an Error Message "DataApex Colibrick (SN:XX) Device not found" when starting **Clarity**.
- The Data Acquisition icon in the Instrument window is not active (this problem may also have another cause). For more details see the chapter Data Acquisition - non-functional on pg. 32.

When one of the above mentioned problems occurs, first check if the **Colibrick** is correctly plugged in the USB port. Then check the **Colibrick** driver (see the chapter **"How to check the proper installation of the Colibrick driver"** on pg. **26**.) and proceed according to the suggested solutions.

5.2.1 Colibrick's orange/blue LED is blinking

Status: Orange and/or blue LED on the Colibrick is blinking and sometimes it cannot be added in the System Configuration.

- *Reason:* Blinking of the orange (READY) and/or blue (DATA) LED is caused by decrease in voltage on the **Colibrick** and that is why sometimes it cannot be added in the *System Configuration*.
- Solution: Check whether your **Colibrick** is connected to the PC via USB Hub. If so we recommend to connect **Colibrick** directly to the PC, this will ensure that the voltage will not suddenly decrease when other device is plugged in.

Another option is to try a different USB cable. We have found out that USB cables of low quality are responsible for observed behaviour.

5.2.2 How to check the proper installation of the Colibrick driver

Open the *Device Manager* (go to Control Panel - Hardware and Sound - Devices and Printers - Device Manager).

In the *Device Manager* window look up the resulting list for the item "Colibrick (DataApex)".

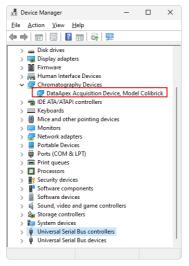


Fig. 19: Device Manager in Windows 11

Error status of the driver may be one of the following:

Status 1: Th Reason: Solution:	 e "Chromatography Device – Colibrick (DataApex)" item does not appear. The driver has not been installed. Reinstall the driver manually as described in the chapter "Installation and re- installation of the Colibrick driver" on pg. 28. 				
-	he driver is installed, but there is a yellow exclamation mark or a question its icon, or it is not behaving as expected. The driver is probably installed incorrectly. Reinstall the driver manually as described in the chapter "Installation and re- installation of the Colibrick driver" on pg. 28.				
Status 3: The item does appear, but is displayed with a cross symbol.					
Reason:	The driver is disabled.				
Solution:	Double-click the item to invoke the <i>General</i> tab and activate the driver by clicking on the <i>Enable this device</i> button.				

Status 4: The item does appear and there are no error symbols around it.

- *Reason:* A driver for a different type of Windows operating system was possibly installed thereby replacing the correct driver.
- Solution: Uninstall the incorrect driver and install the correct one as described in the chapter "Installation and re-installation of the Colibrick driver" on pg. 28.

5.2.3 Manual installation

5.2.3.1 Installation and re-installation of the Colibrick driver

- Connect the Colibrick with a cable to a USB port on the computer.
- Windows 11, 10, 8.1 and 7 do not install the driver automatically. Use the *Device Manager* in the *Control Panel*.

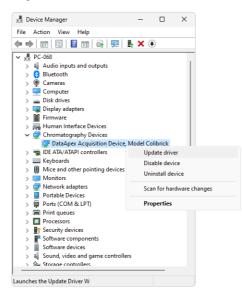


Fig. 20: Step 1 of Updating the driver

• Right-click on the **Colibrick (DataApex)** item and click the *Update Driver Software...* item.

		×
\leftarrow	Update Drivers - DataApex Acquisition Device, Model Colibrick	
	How do you want to search for drivers?	
	→ Search automatically for drivers Windows will search your computer for the best available driver and install it on your device.	
	→ Browse my computer for drivers Locate and install a driver manually.	
		Cancel

Fig. 21: Step 1 of the Installation Wizard

• Click the Browse my computer for driver software button.

	×
Update Drivers - DataApex Acquisition Device, Model Colibrick	
Browse for drivers on your computer	
Search for drivers in this location:	
C:\Clarity\Bin\HW_DRIVERS\COLIBRICK V Browse	
☑ Include subfolders	
→ Let me pick from a list of available drivers on my computer This list will show available drivers compatible with the device, and all drivers in the same category as the device.	
Next	Cancel

Fig. 22: Browse for driver dialog

• Browse for the **Colibrick** driver location. In the example above, the **Clarity** installation is located in the C:\CLARITY directory. Then click *Next*.

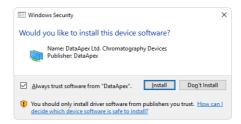


Fig. 23: Windows Security dialog

• Windows Security dialog may appear. Check the *Always trust software from* "*DataApex*" option and click the *Install* button and wait until the driver is installed.

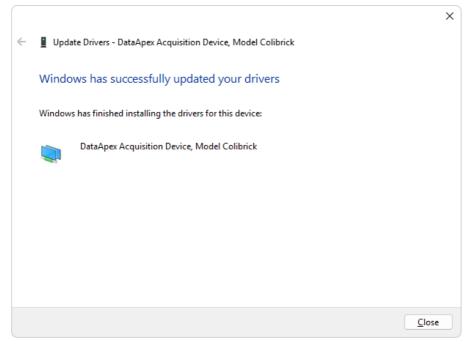


Fig. 24: Last window of the Installation Wizard

• Last window of the Wizard informs you about the installation status and you can see also name of the driver which will be displayed in the **Device Manager**.

5.2.3.2 Reinstallation of drivers using the System Restore Point

Use the System Restore Point to uninstall the incorrect drivers.

- Click on the *Windows Start* menu and type "System Restore" in the search field, then click on the found item in.
- In the System Restore dialog use the Choose a different restore point option and press the Next button.
- In the next dialog select a restore point from a time before the incorrect driver was installed.

Caution: Any software or hardware that was installed after the moment of the selected restore point will be removed from your system.

- Reinstall Clarity and then restart the PC.
- Windows should now correctly identify and install the drivers.

5.3 Problems upon collection of data

5.3.1 Data Acquisition - non-functional

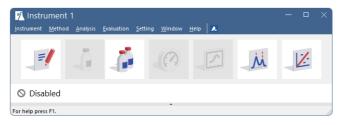


Fig. 25: Disable data acquisition

The *DISABLED* label appears and the *Analysis* - *Single* and *Analysis* - *Data Acquisition* commands are non-functional. Other manifestations of this error are also: <u>Method Setup - Acquisition</u> tab missing, *Run, Stop* and *Abort* commands non-functional in the *Sequence* window. There are three possible causes.

Reason 1: You are using Clarity Offline or Clarity DEMO version, which does not enable the measurement of the chromatograms.

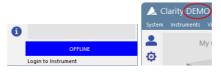


Fig. 26: Clarity Offline and Clarity DEMO

 Solution:
 Check whether there is a blue band with the text OFFLINE on the main Clarity window under the instrument icons or the title DEMO in the window header.

 In case of the Clarity Offline station remove the HW key with the Offline license

and insert key with the Clarity full licence.

In case of **Clarity DEMO** use the **Windows Start menu** to locate the **Clarity DEMO** group in the *All Programs* section and select the *Remove Clarity* item there.

Then use the correct **Clarity** installation media to install the full version.

	Setup Control Modules	;		Number of Instrumen	its: 🚺 📮	
ame	Used	S/N	🚱 Instru	ment 1 🖨 Instrument 2	O Instrument 3	Instrument 4
AS GC GC Collorick An Collorick An Collorick - Thermostat Valve Fraction Collect Capillary Electro Auxiliary	e Pr	5933	GC	ent 1 nent Type AS GC Detector Thermostat Valve Auxiliary	From	
			Data In	puts & Outputs	Device	Number
				rt Dig. Input:		~ ~
			Ready D	lig. Output:		~ ~
			Miscella	neous Settings		
				Units Setup	Metho	d Options

Reason 2: The Detector is not allocated to the Clarity Instrument.

Fig. 27: Detector not allocated to the Instrument

 Solution:
 Open the System Configuration dialog from the Clarity window using the System -Configuration... command and check the tab of the corresponding Instrument -Instrument X. If it has no allocated detectors, add them.

 In the left-hand side list Setup Control Modules select the correct detector and drag it to the corresponding instrument on the right.

 If an appropriate detector is not in the left-hand side list Setup Control Modules, add it using the Add button and repeat the previous step.

 Note:
 More information on the System Configuration dialog can be found in the chapter "Clarity Configuration" on pg. 8.

Reason 3: You have a license purchased for data collection for fewer Instruments.

Number of Instruments: 2							
🚯 Instrument 1	Instrument 2	Instrument 3					
Name							
Instrument 2							

Fig. 28: Small number of Instruments purchased

Solution: a) Open the System Configuration dialog from the Clarity window using the System - Configuration... command and check the tab of the corresponding Instrument - Instrument X. If the symbol in the tab header is red, this indicates the Instrument cannot be used for data acquisition.
 b) Check your serial number (S/N) using the command Help - About... from the

main Clarity window.

5.3.2 Data Acquisition - Simulated

🔝 Instr	rument 1 - Data A	cquisition (Da	ta\Instrument	1 - 23.06.2023	15_31_14)						- 0	
<u>F</u> ile <u>A</u> n	nalysis <u>D</u> isplay	/iew <u>W</u> indow	Help 🚺	™ ∠ (i 🗗 🎯							
▶ ▶) 🛍 🔕 🔳 🌽	-	📕 Q Q	🔍 🗸 Time Fro	om 0	To 5	min Signal	From -10	To 10	00 mV	Common for All Signal	Is
[V]	Noise: 0,0328 mV	0,0263 mV 0,0	197 mV 0,0164	mV								
0,8- 0,6- 0,4-				Si	m	ula	ate	d				
0,2- 0,0- 0	Л	1			2		3			4		[min]
	27 min / 0,50 min	0,012 mV	0,010 mV	0,007 mV	0,006 mV	Time						fund

Fig. 29: Data Acquisition Simulated

The title **"Simulated"** is displayed. The corresponding Instrument only displays the simulated curve (from the CHANNX.DTA file) in the *Data Acquisition* window.

Reason: A DEMO detector is allocated to the Instrument.

Solution: a) Open the System Configuration dialog from the Clarity window using the System - Configuration... command and check the tab of the corresponding Instrument - Instrument X. If it only has the detector signals from the DataApex DEMO detector, it is necessary to reconfigure it. You can find more information how to add a detector in the chapter "Clarity Configuration" on pg. 8.
 b) Make sure that you have installed a full version of Clarity. If this is not the case, inscription DEMO is in the header of the main window. If so, install the full version and enter the user code you have been provided. Also make sure that the detector

is properly configured.

5.3.3 Signal is drifting

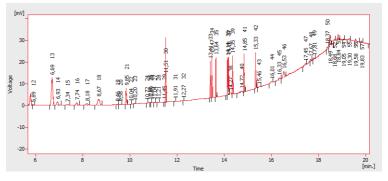


Fig. 30: A signal drift

The chromatogram baseline is not a straight line. The signal increases or decreases during the time of analysis.

Reason 1: 1	The instability of the analysis conditions.
Solution:	Check the analysis conditions, the detector settings, the column and solvents for impurities.
Reason 2: I	mproper connection of the A/D converter.

Solution: If you are using the A/D converter, check whether the cable shielding is properly connected. For more information see **3.3** on pg. **6**.

5.3.4 Signal is cut at the top

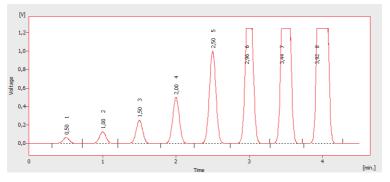


Fig. 31: A saturated signal

The signal is saturated and therefore cut at the top. There are three possible causes.

Reason 1: A high sensitivity/amplification of the detector.
 Solution: a) If you are using an A/D converter, decrease the sensitivity of the detector directly on the device.
 b) If you are using direct control with digital acquisition (not using any A/D converter), decrease the sensitivity in the Method-Acquisition... dialog accessible from the Instrument window.
 Reason 2: A low range set for the A/D converter.
 Solution: Set a higher range in the Method-Acquisition... dialog accessible from the Instrument window.

 Reason 3: An improper connection of the A/D converter.

 Solution:
 Check whether the cable shielding is properly connected. For more information see 3.3 on pg. 6.

5.3.5 Small peaks in the chromatogram

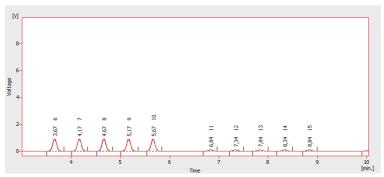


Fig. 32: The small peaks in the chromatogram

The detector response is low. There are three possible causes.

a) If you are using an A/D converter, increase the sensitivity of detector directly on the device.
b) If you are using direct control with digital acquisition (not using any A/D converter), increase the sensitivity in the <u>Method-Acquisition</u> dialog accessible from the <i>Instrument</i> window.
A high range set for the A/D converter.
Set a lower range in the <u>Method-Acquisition</u> dialog accessible from the <i>Instrument</i> window.

Solution: Check whether the cable shielding is properly connected. For more informat see **3.3** on pg. **6**.

5.3.6 No peaks in the chromatogram

about 1.5 V.

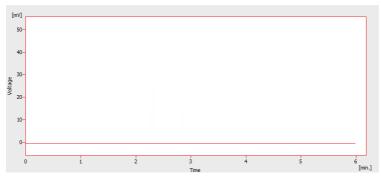


Fig. 33: No peaks in the chromatogram

There is no response from the detector at all. There are four most common causes.

Reason 1: T Solution:	he problem with A/D converter connection to the detector. Check connections and cabels. For more information see 3.3 on pg. 6 .
Reason 2: T	he analytical conditions problem.
Solution:	Check the system for wrong injection or wrong conditions (temperature, FID flame, etc).
Reason 3: T	he chromatograph problem.
Solution:	If a voltmeter is available, connect it to the chromatograph and check voltage changes during an analysis with a real sample.
Reason 4: T	he A/D converter failure.
Solution:	You can perform a simple test. Connect an AA battery to white and red cable and switch the range of the A/D converter to 10 V and check whether the voltage is

6 Tables and specifications

6.1 Description of the INT7 connector (Male)

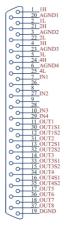


Fig. 34: Connector pins

Tab. 5: Description of the connector pins:

Pin	Description
1H	+ Input of the 1st channel
1L	- Input of the 1st channel
AGND	Ground of the analog channels
IN1	Digital input (of the 1st channel). Used as an External Start (marker) of the 1st channel.
OUT1	1st Digital output. Digital outputs are controlled by <i>Event Table</i> , <i>ACTIVE</i> sequence, <u>Device Monitor</u> dialog and <u>Digital outputs of DataApex</u> <u>Colibrick</u> dialog.
DGND	Ground of the digital inputs and outputs.
OUT1S1 OUT1S2	Digital outputs - 1st relay contact. Contact is closed when output is at a <i>LOW</i> level.

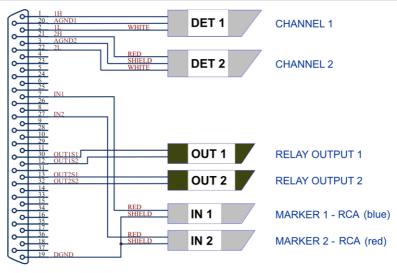


Fig. 35: Standard Colibrick cable for two detectors

6.2 Parameters of digital inputs and outputs

Digital Outputs

The board contains eight digital TTL outputs (*OUT1* to OUT8) with maximum current load per output 20 mA at both levels, maximum total current load for all outputs 100 mA. Four of the digital outputs are also designed as relay contacts (OUT[1...4]S1/OUT[1...4]S2). The maximum permissible switching current is 0.5 ADC, max. contact resistance 150 m Ω , max. voltage 100 V. The relay is on-state (closed) at level LOW of a relevant digital output.

Digital Inputs

The **Colibrick** A/D converter contains four digital TTL inputs (*IN1* to IN4).

To suppress contact bouncing the digital inputs are equipped with monostable toggles that prolong any change affecting the input to at least 200 ms (to ensure that the station is able to detect it). A pulse with duration of at least 1 ms is necessary to excite the toggles.

6.3 Colibrick - CE conformity declaration

CE CONFORMITY DECLARATION

We, DataApex

Lety 24

CZ - 252 29 Dobrichovice

declare under our sole responsibility that

the product:

A/D Converter

type:

Colibrick

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standards

CISPR 22 Am1:2005 CISPR 24 Am1+Am2:1997

Complementary information: Ref. Certif. No. CZ-2258

Place of issue: Prague Manufacturer representative: L. Siska

Date of issue: 8.3.2012

Position: hardware production manager

Fig. 36: CE Conformity declaration - Colibrick

6.4 Technical Data

Tab. 6: Technical data of the Colibrick device:
--

Parameter	Description
Converter type:	24-bit δΣ (delta – sigma)
Analog inputs:	differential
Number of channels:	1, 2 or 4 fully independent and isolated
Input range:	unipolar and bipolar, each channel independently 156.26, 1 250 or 12 123 mV
Input impedance:	1 ΜΩ
Sample rate:	6.25, 12.5, 25, 50, 100, 200, 400 samples per second for 50 Hz mains frequency filter 7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480 samples per second for 60 Hz mains frequency filter
Non-linearity:	< 0.003%
Crystal inaccuracy:	50 ppm (may cause shift of the signal in milliseconds during 1- hour analysis or in seconds during a week-long analysis)
Digital inputs:	4 TTL (5 V)
Digital outputs:	8 TTL (5 V) maximum current load 20 mA, maximum total current load for all outputs 100 mA 4 of them also as relay contacts - normally open (i.e. contact closure) max. current 0.5 ADC, max. voltage 100 VDC, max. switching power 10 VA, max. resistance 150 mΩ
Dimensions:	105 x 124 x 22 mm
Weight:	290 g
Power supply:	from the PC via the USB cable

Tab. 7: Typical noise free resolution for various acquisition speeds and input ranges:

	12 123 mV	1 250 mV	156 mV
6.25 Hz	21 bit	21 bit	20 bit
25 Hz	21 bit	21 bit	20 bit
100 Hz	19 bit	19 bit	19 bit
200 Hz	16 bit	16 bit	16 bit
400 Hz	16 bit	16 bit	16 bit